

An end-to-end digital toolchain for vehicle development

Case study overview

VIVID was a collaborative research project between Ford, HORIBA MIRA, IPG, Loughborough University, and the Institute of Digital Engineering to develop digital toolchains for vehicle engineering.

HORIBA MIRA's role was to develop and implement end-to-end methodologies for modelling drivability, ADAS functionality and Real-Driving Emissions (RDE), and bringing them together in a driving simulator.

This model-based approach enables manufacturers and suppliers to scale back their reliance on physical prototyping. It helps to accelerate the development process, saving time and money, as well as reducing the environmental impact associated with building, transporting, and testing physical prototypes. It also allows informed decisions to be made much earlier on in the development stage.

Engineering team deployed: Up to 15 consultants at HORIBA MIRA's UK facility in Nuneaton.



Driving Simulator / ADAS development / Co-simulation of multiple vehicle attributes



Passenger cars and light commercial vehicles



UK



By combining a digital model with a driving simulator, we were able to link objective data with subjective impressions. This allowed us to really understand the end user experience, which helped to guide our engineering development before any physical hardware has been created.

Tom Lee, Driven Attributes Manager

HORIBA MIRA



Approach

HORIBA MIRA created an empirical digital twin by running transient cycles on a powertrain dynamometer and measuring the outputs. This data, alongside a virtual representation of the vehicle dynamics, drivability, and ADAS systems models, was fed into HORIBA's proprietary neural network machine learning (ML) algorithm to create a digital twin of the vehicle, combining software-in-the-loop (SIL) and hardware-in-the-loop (HIL) testing.

Integrating HORIBA MIRA's simulator to put a human driver in the loop (DIL) allows a development engineer to provide inputs into the virtual model in a controlled, repeatable environment. Furthermore, it allows a subjective evaluation of the car's performance, providing the 'voice of the customer' during the early stages of a vehicle development programme prior to any physical hardware. The project's major success was the real-time linking of the empirical digital twin to the vehicle simulation in the Powertrain Test and Development Centre (PTDC). Running them in parallel enabled co-development of the two attributes, delivering the capability to study real-world scenarios in seconds.

HORIBA MIRA's empirical approach is vehicle agnostic and does not require the vehicle manufacturer to share any sensitive IP. Although a hybrid powertrain was the subject of this study, it would apply equally well to any propulsion system.



Deliverables

- ✓ Creation of a validated powertrain digital twin
- ✓ Vehicle agnostic end-to-end methodology
- ✓ New methodology for HIL testing

Successes and benefits

HORIBA MIRA's VIVID work led to the creation of a multi-faceted real-time simulation environment. Notable successes include:

- ✓ Establishing a vehicle-agnostic approach for **objective and subjective evaluation**, with an end-to-end methodology that's not reliant on existing models. This has allowed HORIBA MIRA to develop new working practices that allow early attribute target setting without the need for the target vehicle to be available
- ✓ **New process for HIL testing**: driving simulator was remotely connected to produce user demands on a physical powertrain in HORIBA MIRA's **Propulsion Development Centre**, establishing a closed loop, real-time feedback ability to inform both powertrain and attribute performance
- ✓ **Remote connection** of the powertrain HIL to the driver simulator was over a kilometre of LAN connection
- ✓ **Modelling a complex** hybrid powertrain for RDE emissions development and drivability evaluations, with **authentic human inputs** was possible simultaneously in the development
- ✓ Introduced **ADAS functionality** for subjective analysis to enhance consumer acceptance and shorten time to market allowed the human element of driver feel to be assessed early on.
- ✓ **Correlation testing** validated the simulation against real world performance
- ✓ Integrated **virtual and physical ADAS scenario evaluation plan**, utilising SOTIF principles for efficient testing based on system behavioural competencies and its operational design domain